



PROFESSIONAL GRAFFITI REMOVER FOR COATED SURFACES

- Suitable for most surfaces, including painted/coated surfaces
- High performance concentrate - 100% active ingredients
- Safer, non-caustic formulation
- No methylene chloride, MEK or other known carcinogens
- Readily biodegradable
- Easily rinsed off with water

GR1™ Applications

- Removes most types of graffiti, including spray paint and permanent marker.
- Also removes: Stubborn oil stains, adhesive residues (such as glue from vinyl flooring and sticky tape), asphalt residue and tree sap
- NOTE: For stubborn graffiti on non-coated/non-painted surfaces, try Chemforce GR2™

How to Use:

1. Spot test on an inconspicuous area before applying. Check for discolouration and surface compatibility.
2. GR1 can be sprayed, brushed or wiped onto the surface.
3. For porous surfaces, dampen the surface with water before applying GR1™. This allows the cleaner to sit on the surface where it can work on the graffiti, instead of absorbing deep into the pores.
4. Non-porous surfaces should be dry before applying GR1™.
5. Allow at least 3 minutes dwell time for the GR1™ to work on the graffiti.
NOTE: On painted/coated surfaces, minimize dwell time to minimize damage to the coating.
6. Do not allow the product to dry on the surface.
7. Before the GR1™ dries, scrub or wipe off the residue with a cloth.
8. Rinse thoroughly with water. Pressure washing (hot or cold) may aid in graffiti removal.
9. Multiple applications may be required for very stubborn stains.
10. **Recommended dilution ratio:** GR1 can be used undiluted or can be diluted with up to 1 part water, depending on the cleaning application. Hot water increases the product's effectiveness.
NOTE: On painted or coated surfaces, use as diluted as possible.
11. **Coverage:** 1 litre of GR1 will typically cover 10 - 15 m² depending on the type of surface and the type or age of the graffiti or stain you are removing.

Warnings

- Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled.
- Causes skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautions

- **Eye/face:** Wear splash-proof goggles.
- **Hands:** Wear PVC or rubber gloves.
- **Body:** When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. Respiratory: Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Type A (organic vapour) respirator. Do not take internally.
- Avoid spraying in windy conditions. Wash hands thoroughly.

Accidents

Spillage: Take up mechanically or with absorbent material such as sand, earth or vermiculite.

Fire: Product is flammable at high temperatures. Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish fire. Use appropriate media for adjacent fire. Cool unopened containers with water.

First Aid

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| Eye | Immediately irrigate with copious quantities of water for 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Remove clothing if contaminated and wash skin. Urgently seek medical assistance. Transport to hospital or medical centre. If in eyes, wash out immediately with water. In all cases of eye contamination it is a sensible precaution to seek medical advice. |
| Inhalation | Remove victim from exposure; avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Allow patient to assume most comfortable position and keep warm. Keep at rest until fully recovered. If breathing is laboured and patient cyanotic (blue), ensure airways are clear and have a qualified person give oxygen through a face mask. If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration at once. In the event of cardiac arrest, apply external cardiac massage. Seek immediate medical advice. |
| Skin contact | Effects may be delayed. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. If swelling, redness, blistering or irritation occurs, seek medical assistance. For gross contamination, immediately drench with water and remove clothing. Continue to flush skin and hair with plenty of water (and soap if material is insoluble). For skin burns, cover with a clean, dry dressing until medical help is available. If blistering occurs, do NOT break blisters. If swelling, redness, blistering, or irritation occurs, seek medical assistance. |
| Ingestion | Immediately rinse mouth with water. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting (because of risk of aspiration into the lungs). Give a glass of water to drink. Never give anything by the mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs, give further water. Immediately call Poisons Centre or doctor. |

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once).
If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.

Poisons Information Centres:

Australia - 13 11 26 (Australia Wide)

USA - American Association of Poison Control Centres 1-800-222-1222

Canadian Poison Centres – Ontario (24/7): Telephone: 416-813-5900; Toll free: 1-800-268-9017

UK - England and Wales: NHS 111 - dial 111; **Scotland:** NHS 24 - dial 111; **Republic of Ireland:** 01 809 2166

Technical Data

- Specific Gravity: 0.89
- Colour: Clear, colourless to light straw yellow liquid
- Weight: 5 L (1.3 gal) = 5 kg (11 lb), 15 L (5.3 gal) = 13.8 kg (30.5 lb), 200 L (53 gal) = 183 kg (403 lb) incl. pallet.

Transport

UN Packing Group III Dangerous Good – flammable, corrosive

Pack Sizes

5 L (1.3 gal); 15 L (4 gal); 200 L (53 gal)

Shelf Life and Storage Guidelines

Best within 3 years of manufacture date.

Keep container tightly sealed, in a well-ventilated place, at 36 – 90 °F or 2 – 32 °C.

Manufactured in Australia by Chemforced Pty Ltd

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