# Epirez Ultra High Build Epoxy Coating (733) ITW POLYMERS & FLUIDS

Chemwatch: 5137-46 Version No: 8.1

Safety Data Sheet according to Work Health and Safety Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) 2023 and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **10/03/2023**Print Date: **10/11/2024**S.GHS.AUS.EN

# SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	Epirez Ultra High Build Epoxy Coating (733)	
Chemical Name	Not Applicable	
Synonyms	epoxide resin	
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight)	
Chemical formula	Not Applicable	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Polovant	identified	HEAR

Base component of a two-part ultra high build sepoxy coating. Base component of a two-part ultra high build sepoxy coating. Use according to manufacturer's directions.

Requires that the two parts be mixed by hand or mixer before use, in accordance with manufacturers directions. Mix only as much as is required. **Do not** return the mixed material to the original containers

The use of a quantity of material in an unventilated or confined space may result in increased exposure and an irritating atmosphere developing.

# Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ITW POLYMERS & FLUIDS	ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)
Address	100 Hassall Street, Wetherill Park NSW 2164 Australia	Unit 2/38 Trugood Drive, East Tamaki, Auckland 2013 New Zealand
Telephone	+61 2 9757 8800	0800 476 265
Fax	+61 2 9757 3855	+64 9 273 6489
Website www.itwpf.com.au		www.itwpf.co.nz
Email Not Available		Not Available

# **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)	ITW Polymers & Fluids (NZ)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)
Emergency telephone number(s)	+61 1800 951 288	0800 2436 2255	+61 1800 951 288
Other emergency telephone number(s)	+61 3 9573 3188	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

# **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	S5
Classification <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

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# Label elements

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# Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Warning

# Hazard statement(s)

H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

# Precautionary statement(s) General

P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.	
P102	Keep out of reach of children.	
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.	

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.	
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P264 Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.		

# Precautionary statement(s) Response

P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water and soap.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	

# Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501	Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.
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# **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

# **Substances**

See section below for composition of Mixtures

# Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
25068-38-6	>60	bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight
68609-97-2	5-15	(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether
Not Available	<10	pigment
Not Available	balance	ingredients determined not to be hazardous
Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

# **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

# Description of first aid measures

**Eye Contact** If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

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	<ul> <li>Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.</li> <li>Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.</li> <li>Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.</li> </ul>		
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.		
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.</li> <li>Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures.</li> <li>Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.</li> <li>Transport to hospital, or doctor.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	<ul> <li>For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor at once.</li> <li>Urgent hospital treatment is likely to be needed.</li> <li>If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.</li> <li>Observe the patient carefully.</li> <li>Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.</li> <li>Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink.</li> <li>Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.</li> </ul>		

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).

Fire Incompatibility

Carbon dioxide.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	<ul> <li>Combustible.</li> <li>Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.</li> <li>Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers.</li> <li>On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).</li> <li>Combustion products include:</li> <li>carbon dioxide (CO2)</li> <li>aldehydes</li> <li>other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.</li> </ul>

NOTE: Burns with intense heat. Produces melting, flowing, burning liquid and dense acrid black smoke.

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may

# **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

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# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

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# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

# Minor Spills Mi

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

# Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.     Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.     Use in a well-ventilated area.     Prevent concentration in hollows and sumps.	
Other information	<ul> <li>Store in original containers.</li> <li>Keep containers securely sealed.</li> <li>Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.</li> <li>Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.</li> </ul>	

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container  Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.	
Storage incompatibility	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

# **SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection**

# **Control parameters**

# Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

# INGREDIENT DATA

#### Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight	Not Available	Not Available
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	Not Available	Not Available

# Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit	
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight	E	≤ 0.01 mg/m³	
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	Е	≤ 0.1 ppm	
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.		

# **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed
controls	engineering controls can be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to
	provide this high level of protection.

The basic types of engineering controls are:

Process controls which involve changing the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

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Enclosure and/or isolation of emission source which keeps a selected hazard "physically" away from the worker and ventilation that strategically "adds" and "removes" air in the work environment. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Safety glasses with side shields. ► Chemical goggles. [AS/NZS 1337.1, EN166 or national equivalent] Eye and face protection ▶ Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. Skin protection See Hand protection below When handling liquid-grade epoxy resins wear chemically protective gloves, boots and aprons. The performance, based on breakthrough times .of: · Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol (EVAL laminate) is generally excellent · Butyl Rubber ranges from excellent to good · Nitrile Butyl Rubber (NBR) from excellent to fair. · Neoprene from excellent to fair · Polyvinyl (PVC) from excellent to poor As defined in ASTM F-739-96 · Excellent breakthrough time > 480 min · Good breakthrough time > 20 min Hands/feet protection · Fair breakthrough time < 20 min  $\cdot$  Poor glove material degradation Gloves should be tested against each resin system prior to making a selection of the most suitable type. Systems include both the resin and any hardener, individually and collectively) DO NOT use cotton or leather (which absorb and concentrate the resin), natural rubber (latex), medical or polyethylene gloves (which absorb the resin). NOTE: ▶ The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact. ▶ Contaminated leather items, such as shoes, belts and watch-bands should be removed and destroyed. **Body protection** See Other protection below Overalls. P.V.C apron. Other protection Barrier cream.

#### Respiratory protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Skin cleansing cream.

# **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

# Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Grey paste with a characteristic odour; does not mix with water.		
Physical state	Non Slump Paste	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.16
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n- octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Available
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	>100 (PMCC)	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Applicable	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Available
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available

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Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	Not Available
Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)	Not Available	Ignition Distance (cm)	Not Available
Flame Height (cm)	Not Available	Flame Duration (s)	Not Available
Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3)	Not Available	Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3)	Not Available

# **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

# **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

The material is not thought to produce respiratory irritation (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless inhalation of the material, especially for prolonged periods, may produce respiratory discomfort and occasionally, distress.
Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual.
Skin contact with the material may damage the health of the individual; systemic effects may result following absorption.  The material may cause moderate inflammation of the skin either following direct contact or after a delay of some time. Repeated exposure can cause contact dermatitis which is characterised by redness, swelling and blistering.  Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.  Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.  The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.
There is evidence that material may produce eye irritation in some persons and produce eye damage 24 hours or more after instillation. Severe inflammation may be expected with pain.
There is some evidence that inhaling this product is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population.  Skin contact with the material is more likely to cause a sensitisation reaction in some persons compared to the general population.  Bisphenol A may have effects similar to female sex hormones and when administered to pregnant women, may damage the foetus. It may also damage male reproductive organs and sperm.

Epirez Ultra High Build	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
Epoxy Coating (733)	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	dermal (rat) LD50: >1200 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 100mg - Mild	
	Oral (Mouse) LD50; >500 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 100mg - Mild	
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight		Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 100mg - Mild	
		Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 20mg/24H - Moderate	
		Eye (Rodent - rabbit): 5mg/24H - Severe	
		Skin (Rodent - guinea pig): 2750mg/55D (intermittent)	
		Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 2mg/24H - Severe	
		Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500uL/24H - Moderate	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	Oral (Rat) LD50: >10000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>	Eye: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>	
		Skin (Rodent - rabbit): 500uL/24H - Moderate	
		Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>	

Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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for RTECS No: SL 6475000: (liquid grade) Equivocal tumourigen by RTECS criteria Somnolence, dyspnea, peritonitis
The chemical structure of hydroxylated diphenylalkanes or bisphenols consists of two phenolic rings joined together through a
bridging carbon. This class of endocrine disruptors that mimic oestrogens is widely used in industry, particularly in plastics.
Bisphenol A (BPA) and some related compounds exhibit oestrogenic activity in human breast cancer cell line MCF-7, but there
were remarkable differences in activity. Several derivatives of BPA exhibited significant thyroid hormonal activity towards rat
pituitary cell line GH3, which releases growth hormone in a thyroid hormone-dependent manner. However, BPA and several
other derivatives did not show such activity.

#### BISPHENOL A/ DIGLYCIDYL ETHER POLYMER, HIGH MOLECULAR WEIGHT

The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce conjunctivitis.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

Animal testing over 13 weeks showed bisphenol A diglycidyl ether (BADGE) caused mild to moderate, chronic, inflammation of the skin.

Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity: Animal testing showed BADGE given over several months caused reduction in body weight but had no reproductive effects.

Cancer-causing potential: It has been concluded that bisphenol A diglycidyl ether cannot be classified with respect to its cancer-causing potential in humans.

Genetic toxicity: Laboratory tests on genetic toxicity of BADGE have so far been negative.

Immunotoxicity: Animal testing suggests regular injections of diluted BADGE may result in sensitization.

Consumer exposure: Comsumer exposure to BADGE is almost exclusively from migration of BADGE from can coatings into food. Testing has not found any evidence of hormonal disruption.

#### (C12-14)ALKYLGLYCIDYL ETHER

Oxiranes (including glycidyl ethers and alkyl oxides, and epoxides) share many common characteristics with respect to animal toxicology. One such oxirane is ethyloxirane; data presented here may be taken as representative.

For 1.2-butylene oxide (ethyloxirane):

In animal testing, ethyloxirane increased the incidence of tumours of the airways in animals exposed via inhalation. However, tumours were not observed in mice chronically exposed via skin. Two structurally related substances, oxirane (ethylene oxide) and methyloxirane (propylene oxide), which are also direct-acting alkylating agents, have been classified as causing cancer.

BISPHENOL A/
DIGLYCIDYL ETHER
POLYMER, HIGH
MOLECULAR WEIGHT &
(C12-14)ALKYLGLYCIDYL
ETHER

The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions.

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	<b>~</b>	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	<b>~</b>	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	<b>~</b>	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

**Legend: X** − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

#### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Epirez Ultra High Build Epoxy Coating (733)	Endpoint Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
ether polymer, high	EC50(ECx)	48h	Crustacea	acea ~2mg/l	
molecular weight	EC50	48h	Crustacea	~2mg/l	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
040.44)-111-1-1-1-1-1-1	EC50(ECx)	48h	Crustacea	6.07mg/l	2
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	LC50	96h	Fish	>5000mg/l	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	6.07mg/l	2
Legend:			e ECHA Registered Substances - Ecoto lata 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessi	•	

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

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# **Epirez Ultra High Build Epoxy Coating (733)**

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients	

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
	No Data available for all ingredients	

# Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

# **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging

disposal

- ▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.

# Otherwise:

- ▶ If container can not be cleaned sufficiently well to ensure that residuals do not remain or if the container cannot be used to store the same product, then puncture containers, to prevent re-use, and bury at an authorised landfill.
- ▶ Where possible retain label warnings and SDS and observe all notices pertaining to the product.
- ▶ Recycle wherever possible.
- ▶ Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- ▶ Dispose of by: burial in a land-fill specifically licensed to accept chemical and / or pharmaceutical wastes or incineration in a licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- ▶ Decontaminate empty containers.

# **SECTION 14 Transport information**

# **Labels Required**



**Marine Pollutant** 



•3Z

**HAZCHEM** 

# Land transport (ADG)

14.1. UN number or ID number	3082		
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight)		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	Class Subsidiary Hazard	9 Not Applicable	
14.4. Packing group	III		
14.5. Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardous		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions Limited quantity	274 331 335 375 AU01 5 L	

Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;

(a) packagings;

(b) IBCs; or

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(c) any other receptacle not exceeding 500 kg(L).

- Australian Special Provisions (SP AU01) - ADG Code 7th Ed.

# Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

14.1. UN number	3082			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight)			
	ICAO/IATA Class	9		
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO / IATA Subsidiary Hazard Not Applicable			
viuss(cs)	ERG Code	9L		
14.4. Packing group	III			
14.5. Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardous			
	Special provisions		A97 A158 A197 A215	
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions		964	
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack		450 L	
14.6. Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Ir	structions	964	
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack		450 L	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions		Y964	
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack		30 kg G	

# Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

14.1. UN number	3082			
14.2. UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight)			
14.3. Transport hazard	IMDG Class	9		
class(es)	IMDG Subsidiary Ha	azard Not Applicable		
14.4. Packing group	III			
14.5 Environmental hazard	Marine Pollutant			
	EMS Number	F-A, S-F		
14.6. Special precautions for user	Special provisions	274 335 969		
	Limited Quantities	5 L		

# 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

# 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight	Not Available
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	Not Available

# 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight	Not Available
(C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether	Not Available

# **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

#### (C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

#### **Additional Regulatory Information**

Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight; (C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether)	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	Yes	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active'	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	No (bisphenol A/ diglycidyl ether polymer, high molecular weight; (C12-14)alkylglycidyl ether)	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - FBEPH	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory  No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	10/03/2023
Initial Date	14/03/2006

# **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
7.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.
8.1	10/03/2023	Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update.

#### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

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